REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BUTLER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Fields, Butler County Judge/Executive
Members of the Butler County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Peercy and Gray, PSC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Butler County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise Butler County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Peercy and Gray, PSC, to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Peercy and Gray, PSC, evaluated Butler County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE BUTLER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Peercy and Gray, PSC, has completed the audit of the Butler County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of Butler County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$4,576,678 as of June 30, 2008. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,834,534 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2008 with total net assets of \$4,568,039. In its business-type activities, total cash and cash equivalents were \$8,639 with total net assets of \$8,639. The fiscal court had total financing obligations of \$572,425 as of June 30, 2008 with \$174,426 due within the next year.

Report Comment:

 The Fiscal Court Should Record Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy

Deposits:

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



Peercy and gray, PSC Certified Public Accountants

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Fields, Butler County Judge/Executive
Members of the Butler County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Butler County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Butler County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Butler County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Butler County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

The County has chosen not to present the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable David Fields, Butler County Judge/Executive
Members of the Butler County Fiscal Court

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2008 on our consideration of Butler County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

• The Fiscal Court Should Record Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC Peercy and Gray, PSC

October 17, 2008

BUTLER COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Fiscal Court Members:

David Fields County Judge/Executive

Roger McKinney Magistrate
Stevie Givens Magistrate
Allen Smith Magistrate
Darrell Deweese Magistrate
Keith Daugherty Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Melissa Cardwell Circuit Court Clerk

Richard Deye County Attorney

Terry Fugate Jailer

Shirley Givens County Clerk
Joe Gaddie County Sheriff

Angela Pendley Property Valuation Administrator

Gerald Marty Jones II Coroner

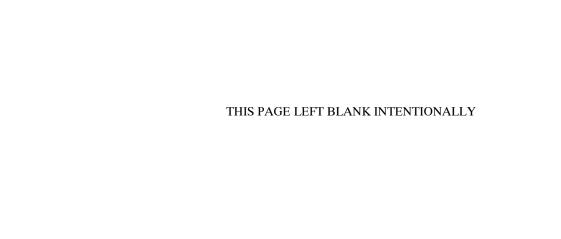
Appointed Personnel:

Susan Johnson County Treasurer

Susan Johnson Occupational Tax Administrator

Kim Phelps Finance Officer
Kim Phelps Personnel Officer
Larry Morris Road Supervisor
Galon Neighbors and Marilyn Phelps 911 Administrator

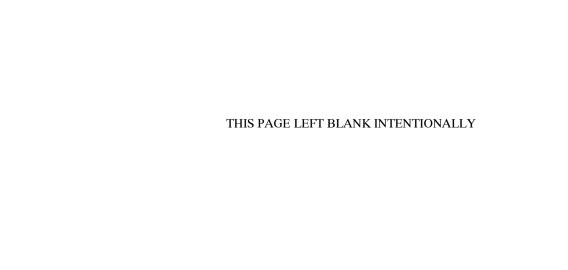
Kelly Fugate Jail Administrative Assistant/Bookkeeper



BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government						
	Governn			ess-Type			
	Activi	ties	Ac	tivities		Totals	
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,85	6,446	\$	8,639	\$	1,865,085	
Assets Held for Resale	10	2,655				102,655	
Total Current Assets	1,95	9,101		8,639		1,967,740	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated							
Depreciation							
Land and Land Improvements	19	1,933				191,933	
Construction In Progress	3	7,515				37,515	
Buildings	50	8,213				508,213	
Other Equipment	27	5,100				275,100	
Vehicles and Equipment	6	9,856				69,856	
Infrastructure	2,09	8,746				2,098,746	
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,18	1,363				3,181,363	
Total Assets	5,14	0,464		8,639		5,149,103	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Financing Obligations	17	4,426				174,426	
Total Current Liabilities	17	4,426				174,426	
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Financing Obligations	39	7,999				397,999	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	39	7,999				397,999	
Total Liabilities	57	2,425				572,425	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	2 71	1,593				2,711,593	
Restricted For:	2,71	1,575				2,111,373	
Debt Service	າ	1,912				21,912	
Unrestricted		4,534	8,639 1			1,843,173	
Total Net Assets		8,039	\$	8,639	\$	4,576,678	
101411101/133013	Ψ 7,50	0,000	Ψ	0,037	Ψ	1,570,070	



BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Program Revenues Received							
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions					
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:									
General Government Protection to Persons and Property General Health and Sanitation	\$ 1,440,176 964,176 95,350	\$ 144,457 57,751	\$ 144,366 366,562	\$					
Social Services Recreation and Culture Roads Interest on Debt Service	26,503 5,467 1,163,988 32,973		2,147,512						
Capital Projects	56,136								
Total Governmental Activities	3,784,769	202,208	2,658,440	0					
Business-type Activities: Jail Canteen	50,388	49,084							
Total Business-type Activities	50,388	49,084							
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,835,157	\$ 251,292	\$ 2,658,440	\$ 0					

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Net Profit Taxes
Occupational Taxes
Other Taxes
Telephone 911 Taxes
Excess Fees
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues

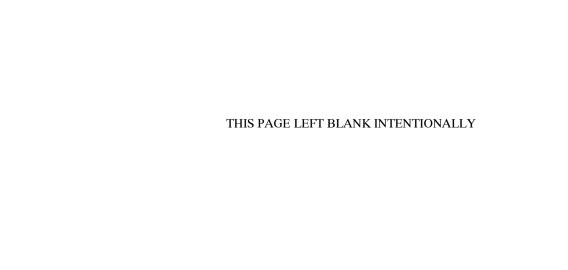
Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and	Changes in Net A	ssets						
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals						
\$ (1,151,353) (539,863) (95,350) (26,503) (5,467) 983,524 (32,973) (56,136)	\$	\$ (1,151,353) (539,863) (95,350) (26,503) (5,467) 983,524 (32,973) (56,136)						
(924,121)		(924,121)						
	(1,304)	(1,304)						
	(1,304)	(1,304)						
(924,121)	(1,304)	(925,425)						
249,863		249,863						
11,334 77,186		11,334 77,186						
192,348		192,348						
647,599		647,599						
177,795		177,795						
35,982		35,982						
196,690		196,690						
42,268		42,268						
214,438		214,438						
1,845,503		1,845,503						
921,382	(1,304)	920,078						
3,646,657	9,943	3,656,600						
\$ 4,568,039	\$ 8,639	\$ 4,576,678						



BUTLER COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

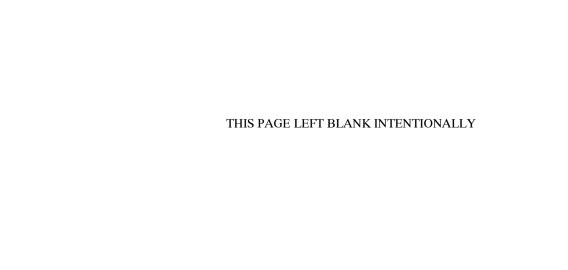
BUTLER COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2008

	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund		LGEA Fund	S	Debt Service Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cook and Cook Equivalents	¢ 1 100 052	¢	675 926	\$	22 160	\$	26 677	\$	21.012	\$	1 056 116
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,108,853	_\$_	675,836	<u> </u>	23,168	<u> </u>	26,677	D	21,912	<u> </u>	1,856,446
Total Assets	1,108,853		675,836		23,168		26,677		21,912		1,856,446
FUND BALANCES Reserved: Encumbrances Unreserved:	173				12						185
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund	1,108,680		675,836		23,156		26,677		21,912		1,108,680 725,669 21,912
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,108,853	\$	675,836	\$	23,168	\$	26,677	\$	21,912	\$	1,856,446

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets:

Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,856,446
Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported In The Funds.	5,704,078
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,522,715)
Assets Held for Resale	102,655
Financing Obligations Are Not Due And Payable In The Current Period And, Therefore, Are Not	
Reported In The Funds.	(572,425)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,568,039



BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

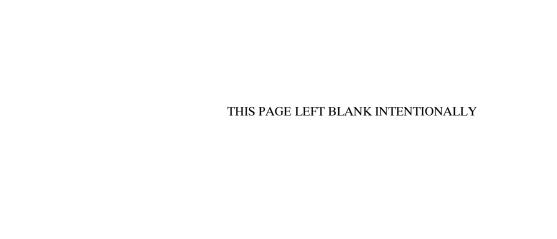
BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 1,317,309	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	74,798		
Excess Fees	196,690		
Intergovernmental	96,686	2,105,043	366,562
Charges for Services	144,457		57,751
Miscellaneous	160,522	38,793	15,123
Interest	27,143	13,816	
Total Revenues	2,017,605	2,157,652	439,436
EXPENDITURES			
General Government	573,109		
Protection to Persons and Property	443,075		482,022
General Health and Sanitation	89,906		
Social Services	26,503		
Recreation and Culture	5,467		
Transportation Facilities and Services		3,019	
Roads		1,793,642	
Debt Service	13,001	127,056	
Capital Projects	52,589	106,202	
Administration	461,866	251,801	161,193
Total Expenditures	1,665,516	2,281,720	643,215
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures Before Other			
Financing Sources (Uses)	352,089	(124,068)	(203,779)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Financing Obligation Proceeds	17,000	102,655	
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		88,729	
Transfers To Other Funds	(232,035)	(192,212)	
Transfers From Other Funds	192,212		224,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(22,823)	(828)	224,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	329,266	(124,896)	20,221
Fund Balances - Beginning	779,587	800,732	2,947
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,108,853	\$ 675,836	\$ 23,168

BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

LGEA Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 1,317,309 74,798
		196,690
42.460	17 690	2,658,440
42,469	47,680	2,038,440
		214,438
210	1,099	42,268
42,679	48,779	4,706,151
		573,109
12,600		937,697
		89,906
		26,503
		5,467
		3,019
11.246	54.020	1,793,642
11,246	54,938	206,241
00		158,791
23,945	54,938	874,959 4,669,334
23,943		4,009,334
18,734	(6,159)	36,817
		119,655
		88,729
		(424,247)
	8,035	424,247
	8,035	208,384
10.724	1.07/	245 201
18,734	1,876	245,201
7,943 \$ 26,677	\$ 20,036	1,611,245 \$ 1,856,446
ψ 20,077	ψ 21,912	φ 1,050,440



BUTLER COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

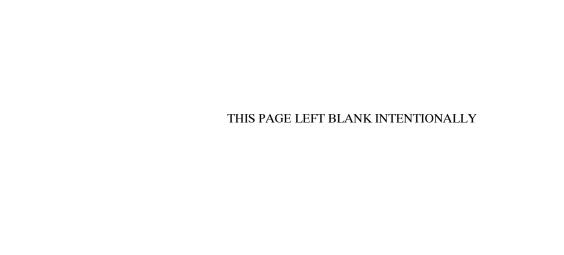
BUTLER COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

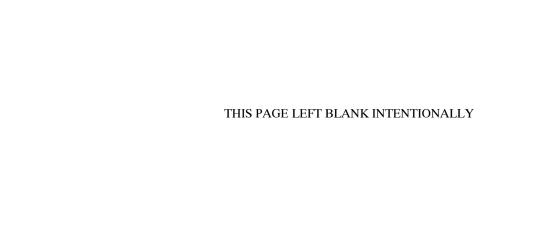
Net Change In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	245,201
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement Of		
Activities Are Different Because Governmental Funds Report		
Capital Outlays As Expenditures. However, In The Statement Of		
Activities, The Cost Of Those Assets Are Allocated Over Their		
Estimated Useful Lives And Reported As Depreciation Expense.		
Capital Outlay		844,913
Depreciation Expense		(215,985)
Book Value of Disposed Assets		(12,015)
Assets Held For Resale		102,655
Disposal of Asset held for Resale		(97,000)
The Issuance Of Long-term Debt (e.g. Bonds, Financing Obligations) Provides		
Current Financial Resources To Governmental Funds, While Repayment Of Prince	cipal	
On Long-term Debt Consumes The Current Financial Resources Of Governmenta	ıl	
Funds. These Transactions, However, Have No Effect On Net Assets.		
Financing Obligation Principal Payments Are Expensed In The Governmental Fu	nds	
As A Use Of Current Financial Resources.		
Financing Obligation Proceeds		(119,655)
Financing Obligations Principal Amount		173,268
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	921,382



BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf BUTLER\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ FUND\ NET\ ASSETS\ -PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS}$

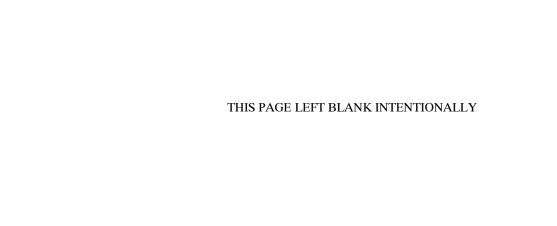
	Enterprise Fund Jail Canteen Fund	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,639
Total Assets		8,639
Net Assets		
Unrestricted		8,639
Total Net Assets	\$	8,639



BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Jail Canteen FundOperating Revenues\$ 49,084Canteen Receipts\$ 49,084Total Operating Revenues49,084Operating ExpensesCost of Sales37,981Educational and Recreational3,415Personnel Costs6,648Sales Tax2,331Miscellaneous13Total Operating Expenses50,388Operating Loss(1,304)Nonoperating Revenues\$ 50Inmate Pay From State50Inmate Refunds(50)Total Nonoperating Revenues0Change In Net Assets(1,304)Total Net Assets - Beginning9,943Total Net Assets - Ending\$ 8,639			terprise Fund	
Canteen Receipts \$ 49,084 Total Operating Revenues 49,084 Operating Expenses 37,981 Cost of Sales 37,981 Educational and Recreational 3,415 Personnel Costs 6,648 Sales Tax 2,331 Miscellaneous 13 Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues 50 Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943		Canteen		
Total Operating Revenues 49,084 Operating Expenses 37,981 Cost of Sales 37,981 Educational and Recreational 3,415 Personnel Costs 6,648 Sales Tax 2,331 Miscellaneous 13 Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues 50 Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Operating Revenues			
Operating Expenses 37,981 Cost of Sales 37,981 Educational and Recreational 3,415 Personnel Costs 6,648 Sales Tax 2,331 Miscellaneous 13 Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues 50 Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Canteen Receipts	\$	49,084	
Cost of Sales 37,981 Educational and Recreational 3,415 Personnel Costs 6,648 Sales Tax 2,331 Miscellaneous 13 Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues 50 Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Total Operating Revenues		49,084	
Educational and Recreational 3,415 Personnel Costs 6,648 Sales Tax 2,331 Miscellaneous 13 Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues 50 Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Operating Expenses			
Personnel Costs 6,648 Sales Tax 2,331 Miscellaneous 13 Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues 50 Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Cost of Sales		37,981	
Sales Tax2,331Miscellaneous13Total Operating Expenses50,388Operating Loss(1,304)Nonoperating RevenuesInmate Pay From State50Inmate Refunds(50)Total Nonoperating Revenues0Change In Net Assets(1,304)Total Net Assets - Beginning9,943	Educational and Recreational		3,415	
Miscellaneous13Total Operating Expenses50,388Operating Loss(1,304)Nonoperating RevenuesInmate Pay From State50Inmate Refunds(50)Total Nonoperating Revenues0Change In Net Assets(1,304)Total Net Assets - Beginning9,943	Personnel Costs		6,648	
Total Operating Expenses 50,388 Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Sales Tax		2,331	
Operating Loss (1,304) Nonoperating Revenues Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Miscellaneous		13	
Nonoperating Revenues Inmate Pay From State 50 Inmate Refunds (50) Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Total Operating Expenses		50,388	
Inmate Pay From State50Inmate Refunds(50)Total Nonoperating Revenues0Change In Net Assets(1,304)Total Net Assets - Beginning9,943	Operating Loss	-	(1,304)	
Inmate Refunds(50)Total Nonoperating Revenues0Change In Net Assets(1,304)Total Net Assets - Beginning9,943	Nonoperating Revenues			
Total Nonoperating Revenues 0 Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Inmate Pay From State		50	
Change In Net Assets (1,304) Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Inmate Refunds		(50)	
Total Net Assets - Beginning 9,943	Total Nonoperating Revenues		0	
	Change In Net Assets		(1,304)	
Total Net Assets - Ending \$ 8,639	Total Net Assets - Beginning		9,943	
	Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	8,639	



BUTLER COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund	
		Jail Canteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers	\$	49,084
Payments to Suppliers		(43,740)
Payments to Employees		(6,648)
Net Cash Used By		
Operating Activities		(1,304)
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Inmate Pay From State		50
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(50)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital		
Financing Activities		0
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		(1,304)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2007		9,943
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2008	\$	8,639
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
	_	
Operating Loss	\$	(1,304)
Net Cash Used By Operating		
Activities	\$	(1,304)

INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BUTLER COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Butler County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. All other component units are discretely presented. Based upon the application of criteria stated in GASB 14, there are no component units which merit consideration as part of the reporting entity.

C. Butler County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Butler County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Butler County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for local government development funds received from the state government. The funds may be used for roads, protection of persons and property, social services and general health and sanitation expenditures.

Debt Service Fund - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

Special Revenue Funds

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, and Local Government Economic Assistance Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, furniture and fixtures, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization Threshold		useful Life (Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Furniture and Fixtures	\$	5,000	3-25	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	10,000	10-50	

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance if applicable.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in accordance with KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2008, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity				
	Beginning		•	Ending	
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Governmental Activities:					
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements Construction In Progress	\$ 191,933	\$ 37,515	\$	\$ 191,933 37,515	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	191,933	37,515		229,448	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	1,486,694		(80,100)	1,406,594	
Other Equipment	785,426	87,415		872,841	
Vehicles and Equipment	816,617	36,000		852,617	
Infrastructure	1,658,595	683,983		2,342,578	
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated	4,747,332	807,398	(80,100)	5,474,630	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings	(931,375)	(35,091)	68,085	(898,381)	
Other Equipment	(557,568)	(40,173)		(597,741)	
Vehicles and Equipment	(743,998)	(38,763)		(782,761)	
Infrastructure	(141,874)	(101,958)		(243,832)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,374,815)	(215,985)	68,085	(2,522,715)	
Total Capital Assets, Being		504 4:5	(10.01-	• • • • • • • •	
Depreciated, Net	2,372,517	591,413	(12,015)	2,951,915	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,564,450	\$ 628,928	\$ (12,015)	\$ 3,181,363	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 44,697
Protection to Persons and Property	26,479
General Health and Sanitation	5,444
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	139,365
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 215,985

Note 4. Financing Obligations

A. Courthouse

On September 24, 1997, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the renovation and expansion of the Butler County Courthouse. The principal was \$638,000 at a rate of 4.83% interest for a period of 20 years, interest paid monthly, and principal paid annually. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$375,000. Future payment requirements are:

	Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year June 30	I	Principal		Interest
2009	\$	34,000	\$	21,025
2010		36,000		18,995
2011		37,000		16,873
2012		39,000		14,669
2013		41,000		12,348
2014-2017		188,000		23,696
Totals	\$	375,000	\$	107,606

B. Fire Truck

On December 30, 1999, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of a fire truck. The principal was \$41,000 at a rate of 4.28% interest for a period of 10 years, interest and principal paid monthly. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$7,462. Future payment requirements are:

		Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year June 30	Pı	rincipal	Int	terest	
2009 2010	\$	4,674 2,788	\$	216 38	
Totals	\$	7,462	\$	254	

Note 4. Financing Obligations (Continued)

C. Fire Truck

On November 30, 2001, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of a fire truck. The principal was \$48,902 at a rate of 4.28% interest for a period of 10 years, interest and principal paid monthly. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$13,954. Future payment requirements are:

	(Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year June 30	Principal Interest				
2009	\$	5,608	\$	462	
2010 2011		5,906 2,440		230 25	
Totals	\$	13,954	\$	717	

D. Tractor and Mower

On May 6, 2005, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of a tractor and mower. The principal was \$54,768 at a rate of 3.33% interest for a period of 5 years, interest and principal paid monthly. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$24,768. Future payment requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest	
2009		10,000		862	
2010		14,768		366	
Totals	\$	24,768	\$	1,228	

Note 4. Financing Obligations (Continued)

E. Road Equipment

On October 11, 2005, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of road equipment. The principal was \$56,480 at a rate of 3.73% interest for a period of 5 years, interest paid monthly and principal paid annually. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$32,480. Future payment requirements are:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year						
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest			
2009	\$	12,000	\$	1,179		
2010		12,000		641		
2011		8,480		50		
Totals	\$	32,480	\$	1,870		

F. Vehicle

On April 17, 2008, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT). The agreement was for the purchase of a vehicle. The principal was \$17,000 at a rate of 4.556% interest for a period of 36 months, interest paid monthly and principal paid monthly. Principal outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$16,106. Future payment requirements are:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year							
June 30	P	rincipal	Interest				
2009	\$	5,489	\$	498			
2010		5,700		381			
2011		4,917		257			
Totals	\$	16,106	\$	1,136			

Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Financing Obligations	\$ 529,038	\$ 17,000	\$ 76,268	\$469,770	\$ 71,771
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 529,038	\$ 17,000	\$ 76,268	\$ 469,770	\$ 71,771

Note 5. Short-term Debt

On April 7, 2008, the Butler County Fiscal Court entered into a short-term lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties to borrow \$102,655 in order to finance the purchase of a Mac Truck. The agreement calls for monthly interest payments with an average interest rate of 3.946%. The principal is due on April 7, 2009.

Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Financing Obligations	\$ 97,000	\$ 102,655	\$ 97,000	\$102,655	\$ 102,655
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$ 97,000	\$ 102,655	\$ 97,000	\$102,655	\$ 102,655

Note 6. Interest on Financing Obligations and Short-term Debt

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$27,822 on financing obligations and \$5,151 in interest on short-term debt.

Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.17 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation

Butler County Fiscal Court allows all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Note 8. Deferred Compensation (Continued)

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, Butler County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

BUTLER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

BUTLER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

GENERALFO	עאנ

			GIZ (IZ)							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	1,067,000	\$ 1,067,000	\$	1,317,309	\$	250,309			
In Lieu Tax Payments		48,000	48,000		74,798		26,798			
Excess Fees		70,000	70,000		196,690		126,690			
Intergovernmental Revenue		60,200	60,200		96,686		36,486			
Charges for Services		240,000	240,000		144,457		(95,543)			
Miscellaneous		74,600	105,445		160,522		55,077			
Interest		10,000	10,000		27,143		17,143			
Total Revenues		1,569,800	1,600,645		2,017,605		416,960			
EXPENDITURES										
General Government		577,188	629,839		601,146		28,693			
Protection to Persons and Property		715,136	671,968		444,465		227,503			
General Health and Sanitation		81,150	94,268		89,906		4,362			
Social Services		3,900	29,263		26,503		2,760			
Recreation and Culture		5,000	5,467		5,467					
Administration		685,400	733,114		490,455		242,659			
Total Expenditures		2,067,774	2,163,919		1,657,942		505,977			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		(497,974)	(563,274)		359,663		922,937			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers To Other Funds		(252,693)	(252,693)		(224,000)		28,693			
Transfers From Other Funds		190,000	190,000		192,212		2,212			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(62,693)	 (62,693)		(31,788)		30,905			
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(560,667)	(625,967)		327,875		953,842			
Fund Balance - Beginning		777,067	842,367		777,067		(65,300)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	216,400	\$ 216,400	\$	1,104,942	\$	888,542			

BUTLER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis)	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES	Ф	1 205 227	ф	1 007 201	ф	2 105 042	Ф	207.742
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,205,237	\$	1,807,301	\$	2,105,043	\$	297,742
Miscellaneous		5 500		<i>5</i> 500		127,522		127,522
Interest		5,500		5,500		13,816		8,316
Total Revenues		1,210,737		1,812,801		2,246,381		433,580
EXPENDITURES								
Transportation Facilities and Services		60,000		60,000		3,019		56,981
Roads		926,025		2,029,291		1,920,698		108,593
Capital Projects		4,000		4,000		3,547		453
Administration		261,250		260,048		251,801		8,247
Total Expenditures		1,251,275		2,353,339		2,179,065		174,274
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(40.538)		(540,538)		67,316		607 854
rmancing sources (Oses)		(40,538)		(540,538)		07,310		607,854
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(190,000)		(190,000)		(192,212)		(2,212)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(190,000)		(190,000)		(192,212)		(2,212)
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		(230,538) 800,732		(730,538) 1,300,732		(124,896) 800,732		605,642 (500,000)
Tuna Dalance - Deginning	-	000,732		1,500,752		000,732		(300,000)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	570,194	\$	570,194	\$	675,836	\$	105,642

BUTLER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts		A	Actual mounts udgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive		
	(Original		Final		Basis)	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	343,840	\$	343,840	\$	366,562	\$	22,722
Charges for Services		45,200		55,200		57,751		2,551
Miscellaneous		8,100		13,100		15,123		2,023
Total Revenues		397,140		412,140		439,436		27,296
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		471,743		492,076		482,022		10,054
Administration		178,090		172,757		161,193		11,564
Total Expenditures		649,833		664,833		643,215		21,618
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(252,693)		(252,693)		(203,779)		48,914
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		252,693		252,693		224,000		(28,693)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		252,693		252,693		224,000	-	(28,693)
Net Changes in Fund Balance						20,221		20,221
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,947		2,947		2,947		_
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,947	\$	2,947	\$	23,168	\$	20,221

BUTLER COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES
Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis
For The Year Ended June 30, 2008
(Continued)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A (Bu	Actual mounts idgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	\$	20,000	¢	20,000	¢	12 160	\$	22.460	
Intergovernmental Revenue Interest	Þ	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	42,469 210	Þ	22,469 210	
Total Revenues		20,000		20,000		42,679		22,679	
EXPENDITURES									
Protection to Persons and Property		20,000		27,845		23,846		3,999	
Administration				99		99			
Total Expenditures		20,000		27,944		23,945		3,999	
Net Changes in Fund Balance				(7,944)		18,734		26,678	
Fund Balance - Beginning		7,943		15,887		7,943		(7,944)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	7,943	\$	7,943	\$	26,677	\$	18,734	

BUTLER COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2008

Budgetary Information

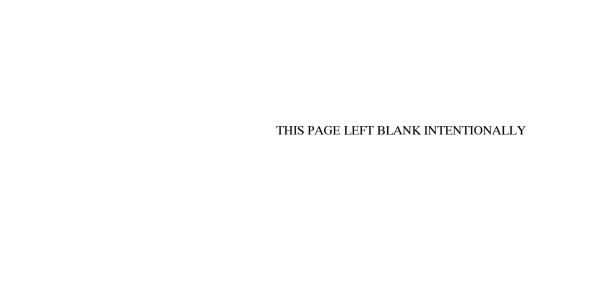
Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Reconciliation of the General Fund

Total Beginning Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis	\$ 777,067
To Record Ambulance Account	2,520
Total Beginning Fund Balance-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 779,587
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$ 1,657,942
To Record Capital Addition Not Budgeted	17,000
To Record Ambulance Account	(1,391)
To Record Transfer of Debt Payments	 (8,035)
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 1,665,516
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Budgetary Basis	\$ (31,788)
To Record Transfer of Debt Payments	(8,035)
To Record Finance Obligtions Proceeds Not Budgeted	 17,000
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Modified Cash Basis	\$ (22,823)
Reconciliation of the Road Fund	
Total Revenues-Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,246,381
To Reclass Proceeds From Sale of Asset	 (88,729)
Total Revenues-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 2,157,652
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,179,065
To Record Purchase of Asset Not Budgeted	102,655
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 2,281,720
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Budgetary Basis	\$ (192,212)
To Record Finance Obligations Proceeds Not Budgeted	102,655
To Reclass Proceeds From Sale of Asset	88,729
To Attorney Troubled From One Of Figure	 00,727
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses-Modified Cash Basis	\$ (828)



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



Peercy and gray, PSC Certified Public Accountants

2300 Hurstbourne Village Drive, Suite 500 Louisville, Kentucky 40299

Phone: (502) 493-1090 FAX: (502) 493-7231

The Honorable David Fields, Butler County Judge/Executive Members of the Butler County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Butler County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2008. Butler County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Butler County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Butler County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Butler County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

 The Fiscal Court Should Record Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiency described above to be a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Butler County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Butler County's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit the County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC

Peerry and Gray, PSC

October 17, 2008

BUTLER COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

BUTLER COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

INTERNAL CONTROL - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS

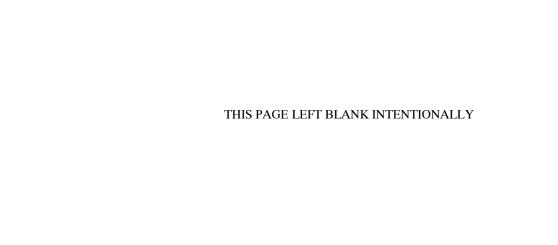
The Fiscal Court Should Record Capital Assets In Accordance With The Approved Capitalization Policy

During our review of capital assets, we discovered the following:

- The disposal of the County Barn was not recorded, nor was the Construction in Progress in the amount of \$37,515 for the new County Barn. All costs associated with the construction of a building, including demolition of a current structure, are required to be capitalized.
- The historical cost of a tractor recorded in Other Equipment was understated by \$58.
- The historical cost of a tractor recorded in Other Equipment was overstated by \$232.
- An analog recorder and a telephone system in the amounts of \$21,582 and \$7,007, respectively, were not recorded in Other Equipment.
- A dump truck in the amount of \$12,000 was not recorded in Vehicles and Equipment.
- Various roads recorded in Infrastructure did not include all costs associated with the completion of the road. Additional costs totaled \$55,931.
- Two bridges totaling \$230,553 were not recorded in Infrastructure.
- Accumulated depreciation from the prior year was not properly recorded on the listing of fixed/capital assets allowing for erroneous calculation of the current year depreciation expense.
 When the correct prior year accumulated depreciation was used and the above corrections were made, depreciation expense was found to be overstated by \$23,819.

We recommend the Fiscal Court implement procedures to ensure that all capital assets are recorded in accordance with the approved Capitalization Policy and all costs associated with placing the capital asset in service are included.

Response: Finance Officer updated reporting forms and reviewed proper reporting procedures. Finance Officer is new and did not have a complete understanding of reporting system.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BUTLER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BUTLER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The Butler County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

David Fields

County Judge/Executive

Susan Johnson

County Treasurer